

City Crime Rankings 2011- 2012

Missing Cities and Metropolitan Areas

To be included in the comparative analysis, cities and metro areas must report data for six crime categories: murder, rape robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, and motor vehicle theft. All metro areas and all cities with populations of 75,000 or more that reported crime data to the FBI were included. A number of cities and metropolitan areas did not report complete crime information for 2010. This information is delineated below.

Missing Cities

The data collection method used by the city of Chicago, IL, and the state of Minnesota for the offense of forcible rape did not meet the FBI's UCR guidelines in 2010 (Minneapolis and St. Paul, MN, are exceptions). Given that the rape numbers were not available, the following cities are not included in the comparative analysis: Chicago, IL; Bloomington, MN; Duluth, MN; and Rochester, MN. In addition, 2010 aggravated assault data were not available for Thornton, CO, and thus, it is not included in the comparative analysis.

The FBI did not report crime data for sixteen other cities with populations larger than 75,000. Crime statistics for these cities were unavailable for a number of reasons, ranging from general reporting difficulties and computer issues to changes in reporting systems. Below is a list of cities with populations greater than 75,000 (according to the U.S. Census Bureau) but for which no information was available in the FBI's 2010 UCR: Augusta, GA; Baton Rouge, LA; Birmingham, AL; Champaign, IL; Cicero, IL; Clifton, NJ; Deltona, FL; Gary, IN; Greenville,

NC; Hillsboro, OR; Indianapolis, IN; Jacksonville, NC; Naperville, IL; North Las Vegas, NV;
Parma, OH; and Waukegan, IL.